

Agency Financial Reporting System

TABLE MAINTENANCE TM.2.5 MASTER INDEX TABLE (MI)

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What is the Master Index?

The Master Index (MI) is, first and foremost, an **input tool**. It is an optional feature that:

- Allows agencies to establish a valid combination of AFRS coding elements, such as Appropriation Index, Program Index, and Project. The coding combinations can be for either expenditure or revenue transactions.
- Will split a transaction amount into multiple lines of coding with amounts based on percentages established on the MI Table.
- May be used on transactions input through the batch interface process or the AFRS online input screens.

When an MI is entered on an AFRS accounting transaction, the system reads the MI table and loads the coding

elements that have been defined on the MI table into the transaction. If the MI indicates a percentage split, additional transactions are automatically generated. The dollar amount on the entered transaction is split among the transactions.

The Master Index assists agencies by reducing data entry, improving accuracy, and providing a tool to distribute expenditures or revenues by percentages.

Example: An MI is set up to split costs to three lines of coding for 50%, 30%, and 20%, respectively. A transaction

is entered for \$100.00, using that MI. When entered, AFRS automatically generates two additional transactions and splits the \$100, based on the MI percentages, into \$50, \$30, and \$20, respectively. The coding on each transaction is based on the coding elements defined in the MI plus any other coding elements that were entered.

Master Index Benefits and Limitations

Using the Master Index can greatly improve accuracy during input. However, along with its benefits come limitations. To avoid overnight errors and time-consuming efforts to correct transactions, it is important to understand how the MI works during input and error correction. Please read the list of benefits and limitations below and contact the Solutions Center at (360) 407-9100 or by email at solutionscenter@des.wa.gov.

BENEFITS

• MI is an input tool that reduces keystrokes and improves accuracy by linking coding elements as selected by agency.

For example, if a certain program index (PI) must always be coded to a particular appropriation index (AI), the Master Index can be set up to link those 2 coding elements thus eliminating errors and incorrect coding.

- MI automates percentage splits. The percentages can be changed as often as needed.
- MI can be used during online input or in batches that are electronically interfaced to AFRS.
- MI may be used in the payroll system.
- For General Fund-State appropriations, a single MI can accommodate both fiscal years by utilizing the wildcard (*) in the 3rd position of the AI field on the MI screen. When entered, AFRS assigns the correct AI based on the input fiscal month.

For this feature to work, the Al's must match the appropriation codes. So, for example, if the appropriation codes are 011 and 012, the appropriation indexes must also be 011 and 012, respectively. MI records could then be set up with an Al of 01^{*}. When the MI is entered on a transaction, AFRS will load the Al field with 011 if the transaction is in fiscal months 01-12 or 99. AFRS will load the Al field with 012 if the transaction is in fiscal months 13-25.

- Usage of an MI can be controlled via optional start and end dates, or by using the active switch. An MI can also be set to inactive (Active = N) temporarily to prevent usage, and then set back to active.
- Since the MI is ONLY an input device, the coding on an MI can be changed at any time unlike other AFRS index codes that are locked once they have been used on a transaction that posted.

LIMITATIONS

- Since the MI is an input device and its meaning can be changed at any time, it is not intended as a code to be reported on. Thus, MI is not used in reporting except on daily control reports and the Enterprise Reporting encumbrance report.
- If your agency's MI's contain inconsistent coding elements, extra care is needed when entering transactions online.
- A common example of this is some MI's include project codes while others do not. During transaction input, the V=Verify function should be used so that the coding elements defined by the entered MI will be cleared after input. This will prevent, for example, a project code carrying forward to a subsequent transaction that should not include a project.
- If the MI entered on a transaction is incorrect for that transaction but is a valid MI, extra care is needed to correct the error.

Once the transaction is entered, AFRS has generated the correct number of transactions and has loaded the coding based on the entered MI. This process of loading the coding elements and generating additional transactions is referred to as the MI being "exploded." Once an MI is exploded, the MI itself and the coding elements defined by that MI cannot be changed on those transactions. The transaction or transactions (if an MI with multiple percentage records is used) generated from this incorrect MI must be deleted, and the transaction must be re-entered with the correct MI.

- There are several limitations regarding the use of MI's with multiple percentage records:
 - Percentage splits cannot be used with encumbrances because each encumbrance requires a unique document number.
 - If used in the payroll system, all percentage records within an MI should be within the same Fund/Account. If not, State Treasurer transactions will not match agency transactions in AFRS by Fund, and the payroll document will not clear the In-Process. The agency will have to prepare a journal voucher to correct.
 - If transactions are entered online, only the first transaction is edited. To avoid overnight errors, use the group change feature after batch entry is complete to perform edits on all transactions within the batch:

On the Batch Header Summary screen, IN.3, type G-Group Error Correction next to your batch and press Enter. On the Group Error Correction screen, simply press Enter to perform the edits. The message at the bottom of the screen will advise if any errors are detected.

The MI field is not available in the statewide budget and allotment systems (TALS, SPS, or BASS).

Master Index Maintenance Screen–Purpose and Functions

The Master Index Maintenance screen (TM.2.5) allows an agency to view, update, and print copies of its Master Index table.

To access the Master Index Maintenance screen (TM.2.5):

- 1. Enter *TM* on the **AFRS Primary Menu**.
- 2. Enter 2 in the Select Function field on the **Table Maintenance Menu** and press Enter. This will bring up the **Coding Tables Menu**.
- 3. Enter 5 in the Select Function field on the Coding Tables menu and press Enter. This will bring up the Master Index Maintenance screen.

When inputting transactions online using MI, it is important to use the V=Verify function to ensure that invalid coding elements do not carry forward. Refer to AFRS Transaction Input manual for more details.

OR

Use the transfer field **TR**: _____ from any other AFRS screen to get to the **Master Index Maintenance** screen by typing TM.2.5 in the field and press Enter.

The following screen will display:

=== AFRS =(TM.2.5)====== MASTER INDEX MAINTENANCE ====	======== C105P190 ===
TR: CREATE DATE: 07/24/14 LAST UPDATE	: 07/24/14
FUNCTION: _ (A=ADD, C=CHG, D=DEL %, X=DEL INDX, V=VIEW	, N=NEXT, R=REV, P=PRINT)
**************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
AGENCY: 9990 INDEX: BIEN:	PERCENT RECORD:
TITLE:	
MMDDYY MMDDYY	TOTAL PERCENT:
START: END: ACTIVE: _	TOTAL RECORDS:
**************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
PERCENT: RECORD NR:	
FUND: APPN INDEX: PROG INDEX:	ORG INDEX:
PROJECT: SUB-PROJECT: PROJ PHASE:	
MAJOR GRP: MAJOR SOURCE: SUB-SRC:	
SUB-OBJ: SUB-SUB-OBJ:	
COUNTY: CITY/TOWN: WORK CLASS:	
BUDGET UNIT: ALLC CODE: M-O-S:	
F3=RETURN, F12=MESSAGE, CLEAR=EXI	Г

FUNCTIONS

The function codes are as follows:

- A Add a new MI Table record. Reference Field Names section below for information about each field on this screen, and to see which fields are required, optional and system-generated.
- **C** Change any field on an MI record *except* Biennium, Master Index and Percent Record, which are part of the record key. You must view the record before changing it. Then, change the function to **C**, change the fields to be updated and press Enter.
- **D** Delete % (percentage) allows an individual MI **percent record to be deleted**. If an MI has only one percent record, the Delete function will eliminate the MI. However, if an MI has multiple percent records, the Delete function will only eliminate the specific percent record shown.

You must view the record before deleting it. Then, change the function to **D** and press Enter. Finish deleting the table record, press Enter a second time.

- X Delete a complete Master Index (ALL percent records). You must view the record before deleting it. Then, change the function to X and press Enter. Finish deleting the entire MI record, press Enter a second time.
- V View an existing MI record. Requires:
 - Biennium
 - 15 = 2013-15 Biennium
 - 17 = 2015-17 Ensuing Biennium (Available after Biennial Roll)
 - Master Index
- N Displays the Next MI percent record in alphanumeric sequence.
- **R** Access the Master Index Review screen (TM.2.5.A) which displays up to six percent records associated with an MI. To access the review screen for a specific Master Index, view the MI record first. Then, change the function to **R** and press Enter. The Master Index Review screen will be displayed.
- **P** Print an alphanumeric listing of MI records, including multiple percent records attached to each MI, for a single biennium. This function requires that you enter the two-digit biennium code.

Upon pressing Enter, a **Batch Job Submission** screen will display. Change the default values as needed and press Enter to submit the batch job. Refer to the **Batch Job Submission** screen document for instructions.

FIELD NAMES IN MASTER INDEX AREA

- Index (required) an eight-character alphanumeric code that identifies one or more percent records. An MI requires the Biennium, Percent Record, Active Switch and Percent fields to have values in them. All other information elements are optional.
- **Biennium** (required) the two-digit code for the biennium for which the MI record exists. For example, for the 2013-2015 Biennium, type 15.
- **Percent Record** (required) a two-digit code that uniquely identifies each record within a Master Index. OFM recommends that the first percent record for each Master Index is 01.
- **Title** (optional) an alphanumeric field, 1-34 characters, that assigns a description to each Master Index. The Master Index title does not print on any reports from AFRS or Enterprise Reporting.

- **Start Date** (optional) the begin date for this master index. The date format is month, day, year (MMDDYY).
- End Date (optional) the last date for this master index. The date format is month, day, year (MMDDYY).

Note: If start and end dates are entered on a Master Index, the document date of transactions using that Master Index must be within the start and end dates. If it is not within those dates, the transaction will be marked with an error and will not process.

- Active Switch (required) a one-character field indicating whether an MI can be used on an AFRS transaction: Y = Yes, N = No.
- **Total Percent** system-calculated number that accumulates the total percentage for all percent records within a Master Index. The MI will not be valid for AFRS transactions unless the total is 100.0 (100%).
- **Total Records** system-calculated number that accumulates the number of percent records within a Master Index. Each MI can have 1-99 percent records.

FIELD NAMES IN PERCENT RECORD AREA

• **Percent** – (required) a three-digit numeric value that indicates the percentage of a transaction amount that should be applied to the coding elements defined by this percent record. The Percent appears as two fields on the screen. The first field (two digits) is for hundredths and the second field (one digit) is for tenths. For example, 42 5 = 42.5%.

If the Master Index consists of only one percent record, the entered value would be 00 0 to specify 100.0 percent.

- Record Number system-calculated number assigned to each percent record within a Master Index.
- AFRS Coding Elements The remaining fields on this screen are *optional* and refer to coding elements in AFRS. For each MI percent record, an agency can define as many or as few of these coding elements as needed (at a minimum the Account/Fund must be on the MI). When the MI is entered on a transaction, the coding elements defined for that MI percent record are automatically loaded to the AFRS transaction.

At the time an MI is added or changed, the individual coding elements are edited for validity against the appropriate tables (as listed below). At the time an MI is entered on an AFRS transaction online, the individual coding elements on the **first** percent record are edited. Refer to **Input Record Coding Elements – Alphabetized** document for field definitions.

The list below shows all the coding elements available as part of an MI record and the AFRS table where the coding element must be defined. "Statewide" tables are maintained by OFM, and "Agency" tables are the responsibility of each agency.

- Fund Statewide Descriptor table 22 (D22)
- Appropriation Index Agency AI table
- Program Index Agency PI table
- Organization Index Agency OI table
- Project Agency Project Control table
- Sub-Project Agency Project Control table

- Project Phase Agency Project Control table
- Major Source Statewide Descriptor table 34 (D34)
- Major Group Statewide Descriptor table 35 (D35)
- Sub-Source Agency Descriptor table 36 (D36)
- Sub-Object Statewide Descriptor table 11 (D11)
- Sub-Sub-Object Agency Descriptor table 12 (D12)
- County Statewide Descriptor table 37 (D37)
- City/Town Statewide Descriptor table 38 (D38)
- Work Class Agency Descriptor table 40 (D40)
- Budget Unit Agency Descriptor table 13 (D13)
- Allocation Code Agency Descriptor table 63 (D63)
- Month of Service (MOS) must be valid month and year; format is YYMM

Master Index Review Screen

Master Index Review screen displays the Master Index and up to six Master Index percent records at one time. Master Index Review allows paging through a Master Index or several Master Indexes. This screen has only view capability. No field can be added, changed, or deleted on this screen.

To access Master Index Review screen (TM.2.5.A) for a specific MI, first View the MI on the Master Index Maintenance screen (TM.2.5). Then, change the function to R (Review) and press Enter. Master Index Review will display up to the first six percent records for that MI, as follows:

===	AFRS :	= (TN	1.2.	5.A)==	====	MASTER I	NDEX RE	VIEW =	=====	======		C105P	191 ===	=
TR: CREATE DATE: 01/21/14 LAST UPDATE: 01/21/14														
FUNCTION: N (V=VIEW AN INDEX, N=NEXT INDEX, P=PREVIOUS INDEX)														
FUNCTION. N (V-VIEW AN INDEX, N-MEAT INDEX, F-FREVIOUS INDEX)														
	AGENCY	: 17	790			INDEX: 00	F64CSB	F	TENI	15 TC	TAT. PR	RCENT:	100 0	
						ICES-CSB								
					_					10	JIAU KE	.000.05.	02	
~				•	,	END: 10	•	,			~~~~	~		
S	-					PROG	-				CTY	CLLA		
	WC1	L	BDG	ALI	JC MS	SRV SO	SSOB	MG	MS	SUBSE	SC			
_	01	27	0	422	969	F6421		6400	00	00				
		_												
_	02	73	0	422	969	F6431		6400	00	00				
_														
		•						••						
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	• •	•	• • •		• •	• • • • • • • •		• •	• •	• • • •				
_	• •	• •	•							• •				
	F3=RETU	URN,	F	7=PAGE	BACK	WARD, F8	=PAGE F	ORWARI), F1	2=MESS	SAGE ,	CLEAR=	EXIT	

In this example, there are 2 percent records–one for 27% and one for 73%. When this MI (000F64CSB) is entered on a transaction, AFRS will split the entered dollar amount, using these percentages, into 2 transactions and load the coding shown above on the respective transactions. The first transaction will have a different appropriation index and project than the second transaction.

FUNCTIONS

The function codes on this screen are as follows:

- V View the first six percent records for a specific MI record. Requires:
 - * Biennium
 15 = 2013-15 Biennium
 17 = 2015-17 Ensuing Biennium (Available after Biennial Roll)
 - Master Index

If there are more than six percent records within the MI record, use the function keys to scroll up and down to view additional records. The F8 key scrolls down to the next screen of six percent records, and the F7 key scrolls back up to the previous screen of six percent records. The scrolling functions are used only to view additional percent records within one MI record. When you scroll down (F8) to the last set of percent records, the message "LAST PAGE DISPLAYED" will display at the bottom of the screen.

- **N** Displays the first 6 records of the Next Master Index record in alphanumeric sequence.
- **P** Displays the first 6 records of the **P**revious Master Index record in alphanumeric sequence.

To return to Master Index Maintenance screen (TM.2.5) press the F3 key.

Sample Master Index Report

999-0 **********************************							
RPT DWP994 AFRS MASTER INDEX REPORT REPORT 09/01/05 (07.50) RUN PAGE							
AGCY BI MSTRINDX	TITLE	START END TOTAL % RCS					
XXXX XX XXXXXXXX	******		XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX X				
RC PRCT FND	API PRGID ORID PROJ SP PP	CTY CITY WKC BDG ALLC	MSRV SO SSOB MG MS SUBSRC				
XX XXXX XXX	XXX XXXXX XXXX XXXX XX XX	XXX XXXX XXX XXX XXXX	XXXX XX XXXX XX XX XXXXXX				
9990 07 00000049 01 00.0 405	A SERVICES 030 00049	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
9990 07 0000060	C SERCICES	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
01 00.0 154	090 00060	050701 070051 100.0 01	030700 030700 1				
9990 07 0000080	D SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
01 00.0 02V	050 00080						
9990 07 0000081	E SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
01 00.0 02V	050 00081						
9990 07 0000082	F SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
01 00.0 001	020 00082						
9990 07 0000085	G SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
01 00.0 001 9990 07 0000086	010 00085 U CEDVICES	050701 070021 100 0 01					
01 00.0 02V	H SERVICES 050 00086	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
9990 07 0000087	I SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
01 00.0 001	020 00087	000,01 0,0001 100.0 01					
9990 07 00000424	J SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 01	050706 050706 Y				
01 00.0 424	990 00030						
9990 07 00001000	AREA K GENERAL SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 15	050706 050706 Y				
01 13.0 001	070 00022						
02 09.0 001	070 00030						
03 01.0 02V	050 00080						
04 03.0 02V	050 00081						
05 04.0 02V	050 00086						
06 02.0 154	090 00060						
07 21.0 405	030 00040 9935 00 00 030 00040 9933 00 00						
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	030 00040 9933 00 00 030 00040 3000 01 00						
10 01.5 405	030 00040 3000 01 00 030 00040 9921 00 00						
10 01.3 403 11 02.0 405	030 00040 9956 00 00						
12 02.5 405	030 00040 9960 00 00						
13 04.0 405	030 00040 9988 00 00						
14 01.0 405	030 00040 9999 00 00						
15 12.0 405	030 00049 9949 00 00						
9990 07 00001001	AREA L GENERAL SERVICES	050701 070831 100.0 04	050706 050706 Y				
01 13.0 001	070 00024						
02 25.0 001	070 00085						
03 18.0 405	030 00040 9939 00 00						
04 44.0 405	030 00040 9932 00 00						